

Privacy Trends and Legislation

Office of Privacy and Data Protection January 27, 2022



Today's Presentation



- Introductions
- Data Privacy Day Recognition
- Words from our lawmakers
- Privacy Law Overview
- National Activity
- Washington State Legislation
- Wrap-up









Speakers





Katy RuckleWA State Chief Privacy Officer



Matt King
Privacy and Data Protection Manager





Broclamation

WHEREAS, Privacy is a foundational right of individuals proclaimed, protected and enshrined in the Washington State Constitution in Article I section 7; and

WHEREAS, a day is set aside each year to recognize the importance of data privacy and data protection on January 28th to raise awareness and promote privacy and data protection best practices; and

WHEREAS, is observed across the world in over 50 countries, in order to draw attention to best practices and innovative discussions that promote individual control over personally identifiable information, responsible privacy practices and compliance with privacy laws and regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Council of Europe first recognized Data Privacy Day in 2007, and the US Congress followed suit in 2009 by passing House Resolution 31 by a vote of 402-0 declaring 28 January National Data Privacy Day; and

WHEREAS, Data Privacy Day is recognized as an educational initiative focused on raising awareness among businesses, governments, and individuals about the importance of respecting individual privacy and protecting personal information; and

WHEREAS, many states, including Washington, have passed or continue to discuss further protecting consumers personal information through education, enforcement and enunciation of the rights of access, correction, deletion, and portability of their personal information; and

WHEREAS, the pervasive use of data collecting and generating technologies in our homes, in our everyday life activities, in schools, and in our work, gives rise to the potential compromise of personal privacy if appropriate care is not taken to protect personal information; and

WHEREAS, The protection of all forms of personal information is a global imperative for governments, industry, civil society, and individuals; and

WHEREAS, the recognition of Data Privacy Day will encourage more people in Washington to become aware of personal information privacy concerns and to take steps to protect their own privacy interests as well as their personal information;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Jay Inslee, Governor of the state of Washington, do hereby proclaim January 28, 2022, as

Data Privacy Day

d I encourage all people in our state to join me in this special observance.

Signed this 11th day of January 2022





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www.watech.wa.gov/Data-Privacy-Week-2022



Washington's Consolidated Technology Services Agency



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				State laws	
VPPA			FERPA		
	СОРРА				4 th Amdt.
				HIPAA	
		GLBA			
Privacy Act					

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Key considerations



Enforcement

- Agency enforcement
- Private right of action
- RegulationRight to curePreemption
- Floor vs. ceiling
 Sell vs. share



Key considerations



Scope of personal information

- Individual, household, device Exercising individual rights
- Global opt-out, third parties
 Dark patterns
 Scope





National Activity

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A Step Forward for Federal Privacy Legislation

By Sarah Parker - Edited by Nika Shahery

December 05, 2018

Could a Federal Data Privacy Law be a Reality in 2019?

Friday, March 29, 2019

December 12, 2019

Is A Federal Privacy Law In The Cards for 2020?

Robert E. Slavkin

Akerman LLP - Health Law Rx



February 12, 2021

Wonder How 2021 May Differ From 2020? Federal Data Privacy May Be Enacted – Be Prepared



States are failing on big tech and privacy — Biden must take the lead | TheHill

TECHTANK

How our outdated privacy laws doomed contact-tracing apps

Jessica Rich · Thursday, January 28, 2021

January 27, 2021

2021 Looks To Be A Landmark Year In Privacy

— **Privacy state-of-play:** New state-level privacy bills are up for consideration on both sides of the country — momentum that could make the matter even more urgent for the 117th Congress.



The Washington Post

CONGRESS RAN out of excuses for its inability to pass a privacy law years ago. Now, some of its members are promising they'll finally do their jobs

Congress's aim to do by the end of 2022 what it should have done as long ago as 2012 may be described as unambitious; more generously, it could be described as realistic. Another failure to deliver, however, would surely be embarrassing.









Information Transparency and Personal Data Control Act

-Rep. DelBene (D-Wa.)

Consumer Data Privacy and Security Act

-Sen. Moran (R-Kan.)

Online Privacy Act

-Rep. Eshoo (D-Ca.) and Rep. Lofgren (D-Ca.)

Consumer Online Privacy Rights Act (2019)

-Sen. Cantwell

Federal Trade Commission



Specific authority re: COPPA, CAN-SPAM, HITECH

General authority re: unfair or deceptive acts or practices

Federal Trade Commission



ANPRM, December 2021 – "The Commission is considering initiating a rulemaking . . . To curb lax security practices, limit privacy abuses, and ensure that algorithmic decision-making does not result in unlawful discrimination."

Other states - AG enforcement



Four Attorneys General Claim Google Secretly Tracked People

Three states and the District of Columbia allege that the tech giant misled consumers by continuing to track those who had changed their privacy settings to prevent data collection.











	California	Virginia	Colorado
Enforcement	AG, new agency, limited private right of action	AG only	AG only, with some rulemaking authority
Right to cure	Yes, until January 2023	Yes	Yes, until January 2025
Sell vs. share	Sharing	Exchanging for monetary consideration	Exchanging for monetary or other valuable consideration
Personal information	Linked to individual, family or device	Linked to individual or device linked to individual	Linked to individual or device linked to individual
Global opt-out	Yes	Not contemplated	Yes, beginning July 2024
Dark patterns	Yes	Not contemplated	Yes

Other states – proposed laws



Uniform Personal Data Protection Act

Active legislation in at least 20 states









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Trends in Washington

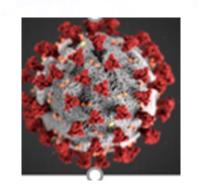
Out this year	In this year	In every year
Public health information	Minors' rights	Comprehensive consumer bills
	Elections	Data brokers
		Gov't data protection
		Public records exemptions

Trends in Washington

Last year – Focus on public health

- COVID-19 Health Data Privacy (HB 1127)
- WPA Exposure Notification App sections (SB 5062)
- PRA exemptions for contact tracing info (SHB 1328)
- Codify emergency orders to protect privacy
 - (SB 5113 reintroduced this year but no hearing scheduled)











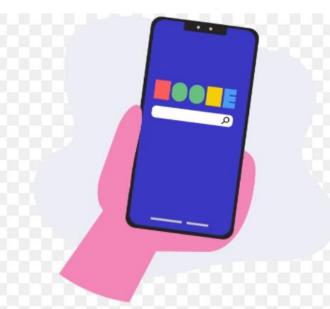


Trends in Washington



This year –

- Minors' rights
- Elections







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Trends in Washington: Minors' Rights



HB 1697

An act relating to privacy rights for Washington minors.

- Prohibits online operators from marketing or advertising specified products and services to minors.
- Restricts certain online advertising practices based on the personal information of minors.
- Provides minors the right to request and obtain removal of certain information posted online.
- Provides that violations are enforceable solely by the AGO under the CPA and subject to civil penalties and statutory damages.























SB 5813 – Consumer Data Privacy Protections

- Part 1 focuses on Minors:
 - Regulates the collection and security practices for personal data of children and adolescents.

Requires:

- Consent for processing sensitive data or targeted ads
- Rights access, delete, correct
- Duties transparency on collection, security, data minimization, purpose limits
- Data Protection Assessments required

Federal Law: COPPA





- HB 1796 Requiring verification of citizenship for voter registration. (no hearing)
- HB 1953 Exempting sensitive voter information on ballot return envelopes, ballot declarations, and signature correction forms from public disclosure
 - **□** Signatures
 - □ Voter phone number
 - □ Email address





HB 1850

"Protecting and enforcing the foundational data privacy rights of Washingtonians."

- Data rights access, correction, deletion, data portability, and opt-out
- Controller duties transparency, purpose specification, data minimization, security, and nondiscrimination.
- Creates the Washington State Consumer Data Privacy Commission vested with administrative, rulemaking, and enforcement authority.
- Provides that violations are enforceable by the AGO under the CPA.
- Creates a PRA to enjoin violations and recover actual damages.
- Imposes a registration and annual fee on data collectors.





SB 5813:

"establishing data privacy protections to strengthen a consumer's ability to access, manage, and protect their personal data."

 Right to opt out of processing for purposes of targeted advertising or the sale of personal data beginning July 1, 2024.

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- Requires the AGO in consultation with Office of Privacy and Data Protection to adopt rules establishing technical specifications for one or more do not track mechanisms by July 1, 2024.
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- 30-day Right to cure period
- Enforcement include limited private right of action for injunctive relief and attorney's fees



SB 5062 – Introduced last session/Reintroduced this session – "Washington Privacy Act"

- Establishes consumer personal data rights of access, correction, deletion, data portability and opt-out of the processing of personal data for specified purposes.
- Defines obligations for controllers and processors of personal data who are legal entities that meet specified thresholds.
- Identifies controller responsibilities, including transparency, purpose specification, data minimization, security, and nondiscrimination.
- Provides that violations are enforceable by the AGO under the CPA
- Creates a private right of action for certain violations and limits remedies to appropriate injunctive relief.
- Preempts local laws and ordinances related to the processing of personal data.
- Regulates the processing of data collected by private and public entities for certain public health emergency and contact tracing purposes.



HB 1433 - Creating a charter of people's personal data rights.

- Introduced last session and reintroduced this session
- Known as "People's Privacy Act"
- Requires entities to provide clear and accessible data privacy policies,
- Requires affirmative, opt-in consent for the collection and use of PII
- Prohibited companies from refusing to serve, or charge higher prices to customers who choose not to allow the use of their PII,
- Makes it unlawful for companies and government agencies to use people's PII to discriminate against them
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- Provided private right of action















Right	5062	1850	
Deletion	A consumer has the right to delete personal data concerning the consumer.	A consumer has the right to delete personal data concerning the consumer, including data from all parts of a controller or processor's network and backup systems.	
Opt-out	Consumer has the right to optout of sale.	Consumer has the right to opt-out of sharing.	
Correct	consumer has the right to correct inaccurate personal data concerning the consumer, taking into account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the personal data		
Access	A consumer has the right to confirm whether or not a controller is processing personal data concerning the consumer and access the categories of personal data the controller is processing.	A consumer has the right to confirm whether or not a controller is processing personal data concerning the consumer and access the personal data the controller is processing.	

Trends in Washington: Data Brokers



Last year: HB 1303 - Regulation and taxation of the sale of Washingtonian's personal information and related data

This year: SB 5813

Part 2 Requires data brokers to

- Register with the state; and
- Comply with consumer requests to exercise rights of access, delete, or correct.















HB 1956/SB 5859 – Exempts sensitive records about incarcerated individuals

HB 1984 – Protect privacy of addresses related to vehicle registration

HB 1991 – Requires body worn camera recordings to be released unredacted in limited circumstances for prosecution and defense purposes

SB 5869 – Allows for toll camera images to be provided to law enforcement with a warrant

(SB 5113 emergency orders and HB 1953 voter signatures)



Trends in Washington: Government Data Protection





Sale of Data	HB 1552 HB 2013 (DOL)	Prohibits state agencies from selling data to 3 rd parties
Protection of Data	HB 2044	Data backup req'ts (ransomware)
(cybersecurity)	SB 5916	Companion to 2044
	SB 5432	Creation of OCS
	SB 5834	OPDP "establish" privacy principles
Use of Data	SB 5116	Algorithm accountability review
(AI, ADS, Facial Rec	s)SB 5104	Moratorium on Facial Rec use in the state



Trends in Washington: Government Data Protection





Purpose Statement

The government performs a variety of functions that require personal information. Public agencies have an obligation to handle personal information about Washington residents responsibly and in a fair and transparent way. The purpose of this document is to articulate fundamental privacy principles to guide agency practices and establish public trust. See RCW 43.105.369(3)(c).







Quick plug!



Test your knowledge:

Please join the Office of Privacy and Data Protection to recognize and celebrate Data Privacy Day! We will host a presentation on the Washington State Agency Privacy Principles followed by a Kahoot quiz game on the principles and other data privacy trivia. Learn and test your data privacy knowledge (anonymously of course!)

Date: Friday, January 28, 2022

Time: 10 to 10:45am Where: Teams invite

privacy@ocio.wa.gov

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https://watech.wa.gov/Privacy





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Happy Data Privacy Week!

Thank you!